

Reception and Year 1 parent workshop – supporting phonics and reading

3rd October 2023





What we are going to talk about today...

- What is phonics?
- How you can support your child with phonics and reading at home
- The importance of sharing books at home
- Some tips for sharing books and developing a love of reading



- <u>Systematic synthetic phonics</u> is the government's only recommended way of teaching children to read
- Brings early success in reading (and writing)
- You may have learnt to read in a different way
- New phonics scheme and reading books for Christ Church introduced in September 2021 and used very successfully over the last two years
- Little Wandle scheme





phoneme

smallest unit of sound

/g/ beginning of gap/n/ end of fine/i/ middle of sip

/s/ beginning of sap
/t/ end of fight

English has about 20 vowel phonemes and 24 consonant phonemes





grapheme

letter or group of letters that represents one phoneme

Graphemes can be single letters: b in big two letters: sh in ship (digraph) a-e in make (split digraph) three letters: igh in light (trigraph) four letters: ough in bough



Grapheme phoneme correspondences

Children learn which graphemes (letters) represent which phonemes (sounds)



Videos

- teaching a new GPC
- teaching a new grapheme





Grapheme phoneme correspondences

Children learn which graphemes (letters) represent which phonemes (sounds)

Phonemes are introduced in a specific order:

Satpin how many simple words can you make with just these sounds?





Children learn to blend the phonemes to read c - a - t

Children learn to segment the phonemes to spell



Videos

- blending





Year

2

Year

What is phonics?



One grapheme usually represents one phoneme: b in big, sh in ship

Different graphemes can represent the same phoneme:

Words with the sound oa as in boat? How many different ways can we write this sound in English?





Year

Year

2

What is phonics?



One grapheme usually represents one phoneme: b in big, sh in ship

Different graphemes can represent the same phoneme: o in open, oa in boat, ow in crow, oe in toe, o-e in stone, ough in dough





Year

rear

What is phonics?

Start simple and then 'grow the code'

One grapheme usually represents one phoneme

Different graphemes can represent the same phoneme

A grapheme can represent different phonemes in different words:

How many different sounds can the letters ea make?





Year

rear

What is phonics?

Start simple and then 'grow the code'

One grapheme usually represents one phoneme

Different graphemes can represent the same phoneme

A grapheme can represent different phonemes in different words: ea neat head great





Tricky words (or high frequency words)

Words which don't follow phonic patterns For example....

is was the all has no said

Learnt by sight, flashcards to support this on Reception homework





- Use correct pronunciation of the sounds <u>https://www.littlewandlelettersandsounds.org</u> <u>.uk/resources/for-parents/</u>
- practise sounds with our flip books
- support your child to blend simple words





Pronunciation video guides and Year 1 'Grow the Code' information

https://www.littlewandlelettersandsounds.org.uk/resources/forparents/



Books we send home:

- **1. Reading practice book**
- matched to your child's secure phonic knowledge
- your child will have read this book at school already
- child should read this book again (and again) at home with parents/carers to support fluency
- record when your child reads their book in the reading diary note anything your child finds difficult or easy



Books we send home:

- 2. A book to share and enjoy together
- > your child will not be able to read this book!
- > an adult will need to read the book to your child
- share and enjoy it together!
- Lots of books to share on our trolley please borrow, return and donate





Developing a love of reading



books should reflect children's own lives **and** take them into different worlds

Make predictions – what next?

Use voices, expression, actions!



Developing a love of reading

Little and often... this shouldn't be a chore

Make sure your children see you reading, too – talk about your books! On paper, on screen, audible books, print in the environment

Read more difficult books *to* your child – get them used to longer stories Reading in different languages – keep going! Talk about vocabulary in both languages





Thank you for your support of your child's phonics and reading

Questions?

